Q.4 Answer **ALL** of the following, using one sentence for each. [6]
1. What four constitutes should a ruler follow to govern a successful state?
2. What has Maharaj said about mansi puja in Vachanamrut Sarangpur-3?
3. What is the main command for devotees of Bhagwan Swaminarayan?
4. By whose company did Maganbhai become a satsangi?
5. What did Rambai ask from Maharaj? Why?
6. What is ultimate redemption?

Q.5 Either complete and explain the given Swamini Vatu. [5]
"Even the thickest of clouds......."

OR

**Explain:** Vachanamrut Gadhada Section I-54.

Q.6 From the following sentence choose only the FIVE correct sentences. (Write the sentence numbers only.) [5]

Rajabhai

1. Rajabhai lived in Mevasa near Agatrai. 2. The sole mission of his life was to serve the sadhus, devotees and the Satsang. 3. He had taken a vow to give dhotiyas to the sadhus every year. 4. The Bania devotee asked Rajabhai’s wife to provide foodstuff. 5. The Bania devotee got the foodstuff from Rajabhai’s home and fed the sadhus. 6. Rajabhai took a Brahmin into his confidence and made him write a letter to his wife. 7. On receiving the letter concerning her father's illness, Rajabhai's wife set out to see him. 8. Maharaj said, "Gordhanbhai's son is small, plough his field." 9. Due to Maharaj’s command, Rajabhai ploughed the field for 13 years. 10. Rajabhai was offered diksha and named Aksharanand Swami and made the pontifical head of the Vartal mandir.
Q.7 A. Complete any TWO of the following. [4]
1. Dhyan dhar..............ur vishe Nath bhase
2. Mari kriyama.............kari mani vat
3. Samaru pragat rup.............taji kam ne re lol

B. Complete any TWO of the following. [4]
1. Provide the missing names from the Janmangal Namavali.
   Om Astikaay Namah......Tirthkrute Namah.
2. Brahamabhuṭaḥah.........labhate paraam.
3. Shiksharthamatra...........sharanam prapadye.

SECTION-2
(GUNATITANAND SWAMI)

Q.8 For any TWO of the following, state who is speaking to whom and when the words were spoken. [6]
1. “If you wish, I'll take the whole of Bhadra to Akshardham.”
2. “Oh! What a discourse! It is unprecedented”
3. “Swami, now on whom should we rely?”

Q.9 Give reasons for any TWO of the following. (10 lines each.) [6]
1. The Nagar devotee lost all attachment to tasty foods.
2. Pitambarbhai of Amdavad becomes Vignandas.
3. Tears came to the eyes of Karsan Bambhaniya.
4. Atmanand Swami asks for prasad from Gunatitanand Swami's dish.

Q.10 Write concisely on any TWO of the following. (12 lines each) [8]
1. Our tilak.
2. Humility.
3. One who serves is mahant.
4. Craving for vision.

Q.11 Answer ALL of the following, using only one sentence for each. [5]
1. Where and when was Gunatitanand Swami initiated?
2. How many kirtans did Gunatitanand Swami know by heart?
3. What did Gopalananand Swami say after hearing the talks of Purushottam from Gunatitanand Swami?
4. When the guru advised Mulji to leave for further studies, what did Mulji say?
5. What would Gunatitanand Swami say regarding the Satsang of Sorath?

Q.12 Write short notes on any ONE of the following and bring out the moral. (12 lines each.) [4]
1. From pauper to prince.
2. Infinite faith.
3. Equality in honour and humiliation.

Q.13 Write the correct answers from the given options. [6]
Note: There may be more than one correct option. Marks will be awarded only for all correct options.

1. In Piplana, on their first encounter, what did Maharaj say of Mulji Bhakta?
   A. "This Mulji Bhakta is in constant union with Me."
   B. "Mulji has great powers."
   C. "He is My very abode, the Akshardham."
   D. "He is an eternal satsangi."

2. Where did Gunatitanand Swami serve the ill sadhus?
   A. Kariyani
   B. Dharampur
   C. Gadhada
   D. Vartal
3. Which places did Gunatitanand Swami visit on the day he departed for Akshardham?
   A. Navlakha Palace.
   B. The palace of Abhaysinh in Lodhika.
   C. The palace of Abhaysinh of Ganod.
   D. The house of the administrator of Gondal state, Madhavji Dave.

SECTION-3

Q.14 On the basis of the 3rd year (Satsang Parichay) examination books, write notes on any THREE of the following. (20 lines each.) [21]

1 a. Maharaj - equal to all.
   [OR]
   b. Maharaj - uplifting society.

2 a. Sweet solitude.
   [OR]
   b. Tolerance of Bhagatji.

3 a. Niyam, nishchay, and paksh.
   [OR]
   b. The resolute faith in Satsang of Himraj Shah.

   ※ ※ ※