BOCHASANWASI SHRI AKSHAR PURUSHOTTAM SWAMINARAYAN SANSTHA SATSANG EXAMINATIONS

SATSANG PRAVIN

PAPER-1

Date: 20th July 2003 Time: 9.00 a.m. to 12.00 p.m.

TOTAL MARKS: 100

[6]

[5]

[4]

Note: Figures to the right indicate the marks for that question.

SECTION-1 AKSHAR PURUSHOTTAM UPASANA

- Q.1 For any <u>TWO</u> of the following, give <u>THREE</u> references from the scriptures.
 - 1. The need for Aksharbrahma in realising the true form of Parabrahma.
 - 2. Shriji Maharaj, the Supreme: in His own words.
 - 3. Necessity of knowing God as the all-doer.
 - 4. Maharaj's preference for the sakar understanding.
- Q.2 Write the subject title for the given references.
 - 1. Ashadi meghe avi karya re, zaza bija zakal...
 - 2. "...when associated with Arjun, He is called Nar-Narayan."
 - 3. "...God has no form." This belief is the result of their misunderstanding.
 - 4. "Sahabaka ghar santanmahi, sant sahab kachhu antar nahi."
 - 5. "One who is brahmarup, yet devoid of devotion to God, cannot be said to have attained ultimate redemption."
- Q.3 Write the correct answers from the given options.

Note: There may be more than one correct option. Marks will be awarded only for all correct options.

- 1. God is sakar because ...
 - (A) The whole cosmic world, including the lokas of Brahma and other deities, have a form

- (B) God sees
- (C) Worshippers are sakar
- (D) Divine light can't exist without a murti
- 2. Forms of Aksharbrahma
 - (A) As chidakashrup
 - (B) As the divine abode
 - (C) As a human
 - (D) As a servant in Akshardham
- Q.4 Write short notes on any <u>ONE</u> of the following and explain the moral. (12 lines each.)
 - 1. "Boy! Do not indulge in comparisons of God."
 - 2. Muktanand Swami attained peace.
 - 3. Raghuvirji Maharaj's ignorance was dissolved.

Q.5 Explain any <u>TWO</u> of the following. (12 lines each.) [8]

- 1. Necessity of understanding divyabhav.
- 2. The importance of devotion to the manifest (pragat) form of God.
- 3. Undivided nishtha, but regard for all.
- 4. Gunatitanand Swami's unique glory as described by Maharaj.
- Q.6 Give reasons for any <u>TWO</u> of the following. (12 lines each.) [8]
 - 1. Keshavjivandas was fully convinced that Gunatitanand Swami is Aksharbrahma.
 - 2. It is necessary to understand upasana.
 - 3. Pramukh Swami Maharaj can be said to 'have met God'.
 - 4. Maharaj told Nityanand Swami, "An upasak should be like this."
- Q.7 Upasana: What to understand? What not to understand? Complete the following statements.

Upasana: What to understand?

- 1. After departing from this earth..... is manifest in all ways.
- 2. Aksharbrahman is the eternal sevak.....our upasana, as such, is to be offered to Purushottam Narayan.
- 3. Jiva, ishwar, maya,..... are eternal.
- 4. The other incarnations......there is a clear difference.
- 5. Shriji Maharaj is.....manifest and divya (divine).

[8]

[4]

Upasana: What not to understand?

- 1. Without the contact of the brahmanised saint......God can still be understood or explained by one's own efforts.
- 2. Salvation can be achievedor by minimising their importance.
- 3. Paramhansas other than Gunatitanand Swami....... Mul Aksharbrahma
- Q.8 Does only the acharya have the authorization to give the murtis worshipped in personal puja and to give initiation? Explain your answer. [5]

SECTION-2

SATSANG READER - PART III & PORTRAIT OF INSPIRATION: PRAMUKH SWAMI MAHARAJ

Q.9 For any <u>TWO</u> of the following, state who is speaking to whom and when the words were spoken.

- 1. "Is there anything left over today? Today, I am also hungry."
- 2. "When I look to your jiva, I feel that satsang has halved."
- 3. "Everyone has to become a devotee of God."

Q.10 Give reasons for any <u>TWO</u> of the following. (12 lines each.)[6]

- 1. Muktanand Swami was prepared to have his ears and nose cut off.
- 2. Raghuvirji Mahraraj cooked rotlas himself.
- 3. Nishkulanand Swami did not go to talk in the ladies' assembly.
- 4. The Dar-es-Salaam airport officials were surprised.
- Q.11 Answer the following concisely. (12 lines each.)
 - 1. Miracles by Kushal Bhatt

OR

Detached Parvatbhai

2. Swamishri's affection for devotees

OR

Pramukh Swami Maharaj - free of attachment to taste.

Q.12 Answer the following, using only one sentence for each. [6]

- 1. What did Gunatitanand Swami say about Acharya Raghuvirji Maharaj?
- 2. Why did Parvatbhai have a vow not to take sugarcane?
- 3. What did Kushalkunvarba say to Maharaj in their first meeting?
- 4. Not wasting time in gossip, what three things did Shivlal keep in his shop?
- 5. Name 3 scriptures written by Nishkulanand Swami.
- 6. Pramukh Swami Maharaj settled the dispute between which two villages?
- Q.13 Write the correct answers from the given options.

[6]

Note: There may be more than one correct option. Marks will be awarded only for all correct options.

- 1. Which niyams did Kushalkunvarba practice?
 - (A) Distribute shiro and puri freely
 - (B) To touch the feet of pilgrims
 - (C) To seat sadhus on elephants
 - (D) Go to do darshan of God

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- 2. Gopalanand Swami's literary works include:
 - (A) Commentary on the Upanishads
 - (B) Commentary on the Purans
 - (C) Commentary on the Gita
 - (D) Commentary on the Brahmasutras
- 3. Kirtans composed by Muktanand Swami?
 - (A) Bhramana bhangi re haiyani...
 - (B) Sant vina re sachi kon kahe...
 - (C) Mai mein to Purushottam var payo.....
 - (D) Anubhavi anandma Brahmarasna bhogi re.....

SECTION-3: ESSAY

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Q.14 Write an essay on <u>ONE</u> of the following. (In 60 lines.)

- nes.) [20]
- 1. Nurturing and spreading Hindu culture Akshardham
- 2. Propagator of the supreme Upasana Gunatitanand Swami
- 3. Equipoised Pramukh Swami Maharaj