
Q.1 In the sentences below, state who is speaking to whom and when. (9)
1. "Set it ablaze." (62)
2. "He is above the things of this world." (109)
3. "If nothing goes wrong we will meet you in the presence of Maharaj at Gadhada." (82)

Q.2 Give reasons for the following (two to three lines each). (6)
1. This glory of Akshar-Purushottam was hailed in the capital of Gujarat, Ahmedabad. (36)
2. Shriji Maharaj hurriedly left Dadusar. (10)
3. Rampratapbhai told Damodarbhai, "Don't show me your face again." (45)

Q.3 Write short notes on "Vishnudas." (In 15 lines.) (5)

Q.4 Answer ALL of the following, using one sentence (not just one word) for each answer. (5)
1. Name the six places where Shriji Maharaj built mandirs? (25)
2. Who came to ask for alms from Lakshmichand Sheth at last? (40)
3. Write the names of the five mandirs built by Shastriji Maharaj? (34)
4. What should one do in the event of harassment from evil spirits? (5)
5. What happened when the Kathis raised their daggers? (19)

Q.5 "Nothing except the blood of a bed-bug ....." (90) Complete the Swamini Vato and narrate it. (5)

Q.6 Complete the following. (8)
1. Thay smruti re....... Premanand gave. (71)
2. Ati dayalu re....... ati akala thaye. (72)
3. Aahamindra ....... pashubhi samanaha. (104)
4. Translate the shlok: Karunamaya charu ...... bhaje sada. (37)


Q.7 In the sentences below, state who is speaking to whom and when. (9)
1. "I have retired." (24)
2. "Now make everyone as happy as you are." (64)
3. "I can't tolerate you being insulted in my presence." (30)

Q.8 Give reasons for the following (two to three lines each). (6)
1. Pragji Bhakta sold the precious lace of his mother's sari. (3)
2. Shriji Maharaj is manifest through a Param Ekantik Sadhu like Yagnapurushdasji. (66)
3. It became easier for Mahapurushdas to offer devotion to God. (38)

Q.9 Write short notes on "Satsang with the Diwan of Vansda". (In 15 lines.) (5)

Q.10 Answer ALL of the following, using one sentence (not just one word) for each answer. (5)
1. With whom did Pragji Bhakta go to Junagadh for the first time? (6)
2. What did Gunatitanand Swami say on seeing the canopy? (34)
3. According to Bhagatji Maharaj, when is true knowledge said to have been attained? (57)
4. Why could Pragji Bhakta not go near Swami's bullock-cart? (29)
5. What did Bhagatji say to the Barot devotee of Nadiad? (40)

Q.11 From the given options, place a tick (✔) in the box next to the correct ones. (6)

Please note that I have been present personally in the Pre-Test "Satsang Parichay 2" Exam organized by the Satsang Shikshan Pariksha Karyalay, Ahmedabad. Please note that the following details are true.

Date Month Year

Birthdate of Examinee: [ ] [ ] [ ]
Exam Date and Time: [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ] [ ]
Signature of Examinee:

Note: Only those who are present have to fill in this slip and give it to their Exam Supervisor. The slip of only those who are present have to be filled and sent to the Satsang Shikshan Pariksha Karyalay, Ahmedabad. (Presence slip which is not completely filled up will not be considered valid.)
2. Do or Die for the Guru (12)
   (1) Pragji Bhakta would fast for two days and eat once on the third day.
   (2) Pragji Bhakta went to call Girnar.
   (3) Bhagatji served as a barber for six months.
   (4) As instructed by Swami he slept for one hour in the gorakh posture.

3. Divinity Revealed (66)
   (1) Bhagatji Maharaj reduced the pain of the dog-bite with the touch of his hand.
   (2) Bhagatji Maharaj instructed devotees offer that to Gopinathdev to cure them of cholera.
   (3) Kanji Darji had darshan of Shriji Maharaj and Swami continuously for three years.
   (4) Bhagatji Maharaj had everyone hold each other's toes and transported them to Vartal.

Q.12 Rewrite the incorrect sentences below in relation to the sentence heading. (6)

   Note: Marks will be awarded only if a sentence is written completely correctly. Otherwise no marks will be awarded.

   Example: Grand reception at Junagadh: A devotee of Junagadh, Acharya Jatashankar, asked his student, Manilal Bhatt, why Jaga Bhakta, a cobbler, sits on a raised seat and the Acharya prostrates to him?

   Ans. Grand reception at Junagadh: A Nagar devotee named Dr. Umiyashankar once asked his guru, Balmukunddasji, “How is it that Pragji Bhakta, a tailor, sits on a cot and the sadhus prostrate to him?”

1. End of Exile: Yagnapurushdasji attracted many people towards the discourse in Madhya Pradesh. In meditation some mumukshus saw the murti of Gunatitanand Swami next to Jaga Swami. (47)

2. Discord in the Fellowship: In Gadhada, during the Chaitra Punam Festival, Gunatitanand Swami placed a garland around the neck of Nityanand Swami's attendant Hariswarupdas. (31)

3. Realization: Gunatitanand Swami fulfilled the promise which Shriji Maharaj had given to Pragji Bhakta two years previously. (22)

4. Meeting Sadguru Gopalanand Swami: Once, Pragji Bhakta went to Surat, learned tailoring, and prepared a beautiful coat and pair of stockings for Acharya Maharaj. (5)

5. Guru of Shastri Yagnapurushdasji: By Bhagatji Maharaj's wished, Yagnapurushdas gave Vignandas Shriji Maharaj's footprints. (39)

6. The last phase: Bhagatji Maharaj's mortal body was cremated in the farm of Fulchand Sheth, situated on the bank of the River Ghela. (65)

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   Note: A few of the questions in this Pre-Test Paper will be asked in the Final Examination to be held on Sunday, 4th July 2010. Use the latest editions of the exam books. In the Final Examination answers written on extra pages will not be considered valid.