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8. Examinations taken at unauthorized locations or in which the exam rules have been violated will not be considered valid.
Q.1. In the sentences below, state who is speaking to whom and when. (9)

1. “We haven’t found him either. We went round all the places.”

Who is speaking? ........................................................................ To whom? ............................................... 
When? .................................................................................................................................................
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2. “We have camped on the bank of Khampa pond.”

3. “We shall never again go to Chhapaiya to bring the child-God.”

Q.2. Answer ALL of the following, using one sentence (not just one word) for each answer. (4)

1. Why was the confectioner surprised?

2. Which names did Sage Markandey predict for Ghanshyam to Dharmadev?

3. What proposal did Ghanshyam make to his friends who were playing on the banks of Meen Lake?

4. In how many places could people see Ghanshyam during the Annakut arti?

Q.3. Rewrite the incorrect sentences below in relation to the sentence heading. (4)

Note: Marks will be awarded only if a sentence is written completely correctly. Otherwise no marks will be awarded.

Example: Monkeys get a sound thrashing: While Ghanshyam was eating in a room in Chhapaiya, a monkey came, stole a roti and jumped onto the branch of a tree.

Ans. Monkeys get a sound thrashing: In Ayodhya, one morning when Ghanshyam was eating his meal, the monkey came up to the verandah and carried away a whole lot of chapattis and returned to the tree.

1. Monkey in a Trence: As the harassment by evil people was increasing, Dharmadev decided to leave Chhapaiya and go to Mathura. There, they took a house in the Barbhatta street of the town.

A. ...........................................................................................................................................................
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2. On the Banks of River Saryu: Kaliya hurled little Ghanshyam into the flood waters of the Saryu and went to convey the good news to his chief, Kalidatta.

3. Lakshmibai Sees a Miracle: Madhav's mother Lakshmibai complained to Suvasinibhabhi, “Your Ghanshyam comes daily to my house to steal.”

4. Ghanshyam Is Seen as Ramchandra: Ghanshyam started swimming across the water of Narayan Sarovar towards the bank. The people looking out from the bank had a vision not of Ghanshyam, but of Lord Ramchandra.

Q.4. Write briefly five main points (in sentences) on any ONE incident. (Narration is not required.) (5)

1. Ramdatt is taught a lesson. 2. Seen in many mandirs at the same time
3. A boon for Lakshmiji

1. ..........................................................................................................................................................
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2. ..........................................................................................................................................................
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Q.5. From the given options, place a tick (✔) in the box next to the correct ones. (8)
Note: One or more options may be correct. Full marks will be awarded only if all the correct options are chosen, otherwise no marks will be awarded.

1. Ghanshyam Has His Ears Pierced.
   (1) □ Ghanshyam was seven months old.
   (2) □ A dazzling light radiated from Ghanshyam.
   (3) □ Ghanshyam was visible to Ichchharambhai in two separate places.
   (4) □ "Mother, I shall have my ears pierced if you give some butter to eat."

2. Miracle Shown to Aunts.
   (1) □ Bhaktimata's sisters’ names: Vasantabai and Punambai.
   (2) □ Vasantabhai’s son name was Manekdhar.
   (3) □ “Jago jago jivan pyara...”
   (4) □ Ghanshyam performed a miracle by giving darshan in two forms.

3. Thieves in A Fix.
   (1) □ One night five thieves came to steal jackfruit.
   (2) □ When the thieves touched the first jackfruit their hands got stuck to the fruit.
   (3) □ They decided in their minds “If Dharmadev comes, he will break our bones.”
   (4) □ Ghanshyam told them “Do not steal any more. Stealing is a grave sin.”

4. Ghanshyam Leaves Home
   (1) □ There will be no complaint against me from today.
   (2) □ The wrestlers went to Ghanshyam’s elder brother to complain.
   (3) □ Ghanshyam got up at half past three and walked towards the River Saryu.
   (4) □ Ghanshyam had a waistband of moonj grass.

Q.6. Give reasons for the following (two to three lines each). (6)
1. Dharmadev's house became filled with divine light and joy.

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2. Bhaktimata begged Dharmadev, “Please hurry to the market again and bring pulses, rice, flour, vegetables.”
3. Ghanshyam became upset when he went for Mahadev’s darshan behind Dharmadev’s house in Ayodhya.

Q.7. In the sentences below, state who is speaking to whom and when. (9)

1. “Take Yogiji Maharaj to the Akshar Deri and chant the Swaminarayan mantra.”
   Who is speaking? ..............................................   To whom? ..................................................
   When? ...................................................................................................................................
   ................................................................................................................................................

2. “Observe niyams sincerely. Attend the weekly youth assemblies regularly.”
3. “I am extremely fortunate for the opportunity to serve a revered old sadhu!”

Q.8. Answer ALL of the following, using one sentence (not just one word) for each answer. (4)

1. How many times did Yogiji Maharaj eat in a day?
   ................................................................................................................................................
   ................................................................................................................................................

2. In which type of activities did Yogiji Maharaj inject a new vigour?

3. Which swami along with his group of sadhus visited Dhari from Junagadh?

4. How many rotlas Yogiji Maharaj use to cook everyday?

Q.9. Select the six correct sentences from below and write them in the correct sequence in the boxes. (6)

Topic: A Real Sadhu

1. After receiving Yogiji Maharaj’s blessings, Narayanprasad left for Kariyani by cart.
2. When Yogiji Maharaj went to Narayan Dharo from the village of Mojidad to bathe, Narayanprasad insulted and abused him.
4. Narayanprasad alighted from a train at the Jallila railway station at two o’clock in the morning.
5. Narayanprasad repented and fell at Yogiji Maharaj’s feet.
6. Holding one of his hands, Yogiji Maharaj would lead Bhagwatprasadji along the road.
7. The cart driver refused to take Narayanprasad to Sarangpur.
8. A thorn had lodged deep into Narayanprasad’s foot and it had become swollen.
10. Karsansang Bapu asked Yogiji Maharaj, “Why don't you take a scholarly sadhu with you?”
11. Once during the monsoon, Narayanprasad reached Sarangpur late at night.
12. Narayanprasad said, “You are a humble and loving sadhu because you do good to those who have harmed you. You are an ideal sadhu of Shastriji Maharaj.”

Write the correct sentence numbers

Correct sequence of sentences

Note: (1) 3 marks will be awarded in the correct sentence number only if all the six sentence numbers are correct and (2) 3 marks will be awarded only if all the sequence of sentence numbers is correct. Otherwise no marks will be given.

Q.10. Write short notes on ‘Austere Jina Bhagat’ (In 15 lines). (5)

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Q.11. Give reasons for the following (two to three lines each). (6)

1. Yogiji Maharaj performed the murti-pratishtha in Gadhada with great joy and festivity.

2. Jinabhai was overjoyed by Mohankaka’s thought.


Q.12. Answer ALL of the following, using one sentence (not just one word) for each answer. (4)

1. What do we call Sahajanand Swami?

2. Why did Shriji Maharaj give the Shikshapatri to his followers?

3. Who came to Ajamil's house?

4. What happens if someone remembers God?

Q.13. From the given options, place a tick (✔️) in the box next to the correct ones. (8)

Note: One or more options may be correct. Full marks will be awarded only if all the correct options are chosen, otherwise no marks will be awarded.

1. The Muslim woman from Bhal region
   (1) [ ] Reared a neem tree in her garden.
   (2) [ ] Somla Khachar went to get a babul stick.
   (3) [ ] Was from a small town called Sodhi.
   (4) [ ] “This stick is for God only...”
2. Shastriji Maharaj

(1) Was born on V.S. 1921, Maha sud 5.
(2) Acharya Shripatiprasadji Maharaj gave him diksha.
(3) Inspired the construction of five mandirs.
(4) Left home at the age of 17.

3. Thal

(1) Bhumanand Swami did not get anything to eat for four days.
(2) Bajro grains.
(3) Spontaneously composed ‘Jamo thal Jivan jau vari...’
(4) “When I drink milk, Thakorji also drinks along with me.”

4. Vajiba of Vijapur

(1) Inspired by Haridas Swami’s discourses.
(2) Shriji Maharaj himself went to test her faith.
(3) Shriji Maharaj asked for a cot and mattress.
(4) Shriji Maharaj touched the pipal tree with his legs.

Q.14. Fill in the blanks. (4)

1. ................... complained to Shriji Maharaj, “Laduba and Jivuba are burning our milk.”
2. Samat Patel collected Rs. .................. , came to Shriji Maharaj and offered him the whole amount.
3. .................. worshipped God when he was a mere child.
4. Sit facing towards either the .................. directions to perform puja.

Q.15. Complete the kirtans/verses/shloks below. (8)

1. Vani amrut thi .................................................................
   ..................................................................................
   ..................................................................................
   ..................................................................................
   ..................................................................................
   ..................................................................................
   ..................................................................................
   ..................................................................................
   namu bhavshu.

2. Shastra sakal no ....... Gunatitanand.
3. Ame sau Shriji tana ....... Gunatit Swami.
4. Beso melya ....... kerino gholi.

Q.16. “Swaminarayan namna mantra.....” - Complete the Swamini Vato and write an explanatory note on it (In 15 lines). (5)
Q. 17. ‘Shastriji Maharaj’ - Write five brief sentences on the main points of this incident (continuous narration is not required). (5)

1. .................................................................................................................................................

2. .................................................................................................................................................

3. .................................................................................................................................................

4. .................................................................................................................................................

5. .................................................................................................................................................

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