

A few of the questions in this Pre-Test Paper will be asked in the  
Final Exam on 18<sup>th</sup> February, 2001.

BOCHASANWASI SHREE AKSHAR PURUSHOTTAM  
SWAMINARAYAN SANSTHA  
**SATSANG EXAMINATIONS - PRE-TEST**  
**SATSANG PARICHAY-1**

January 2001

Time: 9.00 a.m. to 11.15 a.m.

Total Marks: 75

For Moderation Dept.	Qu. No.	Marks Obtained
	1.	
	2.	
	3.	
	4.	
	5.	
	6.	
	7.	
	8.	
	9.	
	10.	
	11.	
	12.	
	<b>Total</b>	

Candidate Number

--	--	--	--	--

IN WORDS .....

Centre Name

--	--	--	--

Centre Name .....

Age of Candidate .....

Education of Candidate .....

Signature of Class Supervisor .....

**NOTE:**

1. Figures given on the right hand side indicate the marks for that question.
2. Follow the instructions while answering.
3. Answer should be clear without cancellations.

Examiner's Signature .....

(SECTION - 1 SAHAJANAND CHARITRA)

**Q.1. Answer the following, stating who says to whom and when. (10)**

1. "Pomp and luxury don't go with us. Therefore we are unable to go to the king's palace."

Who is speaking ..... To whom .....

When .....

2. "There's no mud on my body."
3. "You have done a great favour to me by bringing me to this samaiya."
4. "I shall eat your food only."
5. "I don't want to listen to anything except your consent to my plans of living in the forest."

**Q.2. Give reasons for the following. (In Two or Three lines.) (6)**

1. Parabrahman Purushottam Himself had descended on the earth.

.....  
.....  
.....

2. We must overcome bad temper, otherwise, God will force us to give it up.
3. Religion, ethics and devotion were beautifully interwoven with the social life of the people.

**Q.3. Write briefly five main points (in sentences) on any ONE incident (Narration is not required). (5)**

1. Never to disobey Shikshapatri.
2. Ants in Vaikunth.
3. One should be Sahajanandi

1. ....  
.....
2. ....  
.....
3. ....  
.....
4. ....  
.....
5. ....  
.....

**Q.4. Answer the following in one sentence. (5)**

1. Why would people collecting alms go for Maharaj's darshan?

.....

2. What vows (vartman) did the fakir take from Maharaj?
3. At which pond did Maharaj go for a bath in Mangrol?
4. Where and for how long did Neelkanth perform the toughest penance and whose favour did He win?
5. Which city was Maharaj insulted in?

**Q.5. State whether the following statements are True or False and rewrite the False statements.**

**(5)**

1. Blind belief was one of the most inhuman and gruesome customs prevalent during Maharaj's time. ☐  
.....
2. Maharaj made the people realise that sati-pratha was a just and human custom. ☐  
.....
3. Ranbai offered some butter to Maharaj. ☐  
.....
4. The Pathan beheld seventyfive thousand pegambers in samadhi. ☐  
.....
5. Harishankar of Dabhan was dumb, illiterate and stupid from the birth. ☐  
.....

**Q.6. Fill in the blanks.**

**(4)**

1. After completing his Sanskrit studies, Nityanand Swami came to Maharaj at .....
2. After coming to Kathiawad, Maharaj sat on the throne of .....
3. In Vansda, Maharaj started giving people .....
4. In a meeting at Adraj, Maharaj decided to leave all and .....

**(SECTION - 2 SATSANG READER - II )**

**Q.7. Answer the following, stating who says to whom and when.**

**(10)**

1. "We shall look after your two sons."  
Who is speaking ..... To whom .....  
When .....
2. "To Him, none is dearer or alien."
3. "Is the sun called by the name of the sun because people call it so? Without that, will it cease to be the sun?"
4. "There is a school of music on the opposite bank of the river Kshipra. You go there and learn music."
5. "I will go to Bhavnagar and serve the king."

**Q.8. Give reasons for the following. (In two or three lines.)** (6)

1. Maharaj put on armour, took a sword and shield.

.....  
.....  
.....

2. Raghuvirji Maharaj was pleased with Jaga Bhakta, and embraced him.

3. None could utter a word against Balmukunddasji.

**Q. 9. From the sentences given below, choose only FIVE so as to make a correct & complete story. (Write the serial numbers only.)** (5)

**Nityanand Swami**

1. Dinmani visited holy places like Jagannath Puri and Rameshwaram to seek communion with a Satpurush. 2. Dinmani went to Jetpur at the age of eleven. 3. Nityanand Swami was as pure and detached as the sky. 4. Nityanand Swami left his mortal body on the 8<sup>th</sup> day of Magshar sud of V.S. 1910 at Vadtal. 5. Dinmani was born at Daliya near Lucknow. 6. All those troubles that befell on Nityanand Swami were due to him favouring Muktanand Swami. 7. Maharaj gave diksha to Dinmani at Meghpur and named him Nityanand Swami. 8. Gunatitanand Swami hugged Nityanand Swami seventy times. 9. Nityanand Swami established in the Rajsabha at Vadodara that the philosophy propounded by Lord Swaminarayan was the best. 10. Everyone remembers Nityanand Swami in Sarvamangal stotra while singing "Nisha nitya kathadara".

**Serial No.** ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐

**Q.10. Answer the following in one sentence only.** (5)

1. When does God willingly offer to appear before a devotee and look after him?

.....

2. When will we be able to go to Akshardham?

3. What did the carder tell his wife?

4. Which desh (gadi) was Ayodhyaprasadji Maharaj the acharya of?

5. How many types of happiness can be got from Maharaj's murti? List them.

**Q.11. Match list 'B' with List 'A' and write in the space given.** (4)

**A**

**B**

1. Harikavach

.....

1. Jaga Swami

2. Narayan Charitra

.....

2. Sachchidanand Swami

3. Consumed all the food

.....

3. Nityanand Swami

4. Vachan Siddh

.....

4. Premanand Swami

**(SECTION - 3 : ESSAY)**

**Q.12. Write an essay on any ONE of the following. (In appowximately 30 lines.)** (10)

1. Human birth proved fruitful.

2. Give me the service of your divine lotus feet.

3. Pramukh Swami Maharaj - the master architect of BAPS.

( ) .....  
.....



A few of the questions in this Pre-Test Paper will be asked in the  
Final Exam on 18<sup>th</sup> February, 2001.

BOCHASANWASI SHREE AKSHAR PURUSHOTTAM

SWAMINARAYAN SANSTHA

SATSANG EXAMINATIONS - PRE-TEST

**SATSANG PARICHAY-2**

January 2001

Time: 2.00 P.M. to 4.15 P.M.

Total Marks: 75

For Moderation Dept.	Qu. No.	Marks Obtained
	1.	
	2.	
	3.	
	4.	
	5.	
	6.	
	7.	
	8.	
	9.	
	10.	
	11.	
	<b>Total</b>	

Candidate Number

--	--	--	--	--

IN WORDS .....

Centre Name

--	--	--	--

Centre Name .....

Age of Candidate .....

Education of Candidate .....

Signature of Class Supervisor .....

**NOTE:**

1. Figures given on the right hand side indicate the marks for that question.
2. Follow the instructions while answering.
3. Answer should be clear without cancellations.

Examiner's Signature .....

(SECTION - 1 KISHORE SATSANG PARICHAY)

**Q.1. Answer the following stating who says to whom and when. (10)**

1. "He is my guest and I am driving him to his destination."

Who is speaking ..... To whom .....

When .....

2. "What a wonderful thing I have done. I have made a king's minister renounce."

3. "I can survive with the water in which you cook your rice."

4. "We had decided to kill your son."

**Q. 2. From the following sentence choose only SEVEN sentence so as to make a correct & complete story. (Write the serial numbers only.) (7)**

**Naja Jogia**

1. He used to do business in the name of Swaminarayan. 2. Ghanshyamdas realised the real significance of Akshar. 3. While going for a bath at the pond, he carried his child instead of clothes. 4. Maharaj protected Naja Jogia from Vasur Khachar. 5. First met Maharaj in the form of Neelkanth near Dosa Vav at Mangrol. 6. Maharaj flung him up to the ceiling and dropped him on the ground but he was not hurt at all. 7. Maharaj showed him Varunlok in samadhi. 8. Commanded Naja Jogia to stay with Him in Gadhada. 9. To him both sugar and salt were equal. 10. He had doubts about the Vishwarup Darshan and so had darshan of Vishwarup in samadhi. 11. Aunt Putlibai was condemned to hell. 12. Maharaj challenged them aloud and both the Kathis stood there like statues with daggers raised in their hands. 13. Taking Shriji Maharaj in a cart, Naja Jogia met Kathis in the service of Jiva Khachar.

**Serial No.**

**Q.3. Answer the following in one sentence only. (6)**

1. When does a murti become worthy to be worshipped?

.....

2. Whom should one not slander?

3. Why did Shriji Maharaj construct mandirs. (according to the Vachanamrutam)?

4. In whose name were the yagnas in Dabhan conducted by Maharaj? Why?

5. Why was Rajbai considered to be one of the great devotees of Maharaj?

6. What is ultimate salvation?

**Q.4. Complete and explains one of the following Swami ni Vatos. (6)**

1. Let us find out what special benefit ..... **OR**

2. Explain: Vachanamrutam Gadhada Section I -8 .....

( ) .....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

**Q.5. Complete the following.**

**(4)**

1. Shadakshari mantra ..... jethi thashe ..... ,  
Sukhi kare ..... ante vali ..... ,  
..... vishesha ..... mahesh,  
..... jano vasay ..... japa eja thaya.
2. Ame a yagna ..... balidano ..... ,  
..... Gunatit gnanane ..... ,  
..... Shriji tana ..... amaro chhe.  
Swadharmi ..... kshobh .....
3. Sahaj swabhava .....  
..... kara laee ..... tyare  
Ramuj ..... rajeevanen .....  
.....mangi laine mala.
4. Sharanagat ..... ganayitva .....  
..... hi Manyate .....  
..... bhaje Sada.

**(SECTION -2 BHAGATJI MAHARAJ)**

**Q.6. Answer the following, stating who says to whom and when.**

**(10)**

1. "Now it is your duty to make all the people happy the way you are."  
Who is speaking ..... To whom .....  
When .....
2. "Go and seek communion with him and I shall dwell forever in your heart."
3. "What are you gazing at in my eyes? You will find Shriji Maharaj in every inch of my body."



4. "Shriji Maharaj is least away from Him."
5. "God or sadhus do not look to one's caste, creed or station in society."

**Q.7. Write briefly five main points (in sentences) on any ONE incident.**

**(Narration is not required.)**

**(5)**

1. Bhagatji Maharaj's seva (service) in making a canopy.
2. Discord in the Fellowship.
3. Keys to Akshardham lie with Pragji.

1. ....  
.....
2. ....  
.....
3. ....  
.....
4. ....  
.....
5. ....  
.....

**Q.8. Answer the following in ONE Sentence only.**

**(5)**

1. Where did Neelkanth Varni stay in Mahuva?  
.....
2. What did Gunatitanand Swami say when he left the mandir of Junagadh for the last time?
3. What did Bhagatji at times say about him being possessed?
4. What had the Kothari of Gadhada forbidden Bhagatji to do?
5. What did Harikrishna Maharaj tell Girdharbhai?

**Q.9. State whether the following sentences are True or False and rewrite the False sentences.**

**(5)**

1. Bhagatji Maharaj was cremated at Sarangpur. ☐  
.....
2. Bhagatji protected Ganpatbhai from being hijacked on a plane. ☐  
.....
3. Desai Nathabhai Zaverbhai was the Diwan of Vansda. ☐  
.....
4. Bhagatji would proclaim Gopalanand Swami as Akshar in Amdavad. ☐  
.....
5. Gordhanbhai became known as Vignandasji after renunciation. ☐  
.....

**Q.10. Fill in the blanks.**

**(5)**

1. Gunatitanand Swami talked to ..... Darbar about bananas growing on a cactus.
2. All the sixty-eight places of pilgrimage lay .....
3. Gunatitanand Swami gave ..... Kothari a glimpse of His original divine form.
4. During the murti-pratishtha ceremony held at Laxmivadi, Yagnapurushdasji had come with .....
5. As a child Pragji Bhakta ate ..... pounds of sweets from the kitchen.

**(SECTION - 3: ON BASIS ON PRAVESH)**

**Q.11. Complete any THREE of the following incidents using the points given below.**

**(12)**

(In the final exam, you will be given only 3 topics and will be required to answer all three.)

**1. Severe penance in Pulhashram**

Neelkanth in Pulhashram - Severe penance during rainy season - Asked for a boon from Suryanarayan - Suryanarayan's prayer.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

**2. Nailing the hood of Sheshnag**

Gate of Bochasan - treasure chest dug out.

**3. Atmanand Swami**

Gurubhai of Maharaj - lived as per the words of Maharaj - Total disregard towards his own body - Maharaj's grace upon him.

**4. Aim meant for Gunatit.**

Sarangpur mandir - Query raised by Thakor Saheb of Limbdi - Bold, authoratative reply given.

**5. Sagram Vagri**

Drought - sand on top of sand.